Roll No.

## Subject Code—2111

## P.G. Diploma EXAMINATION

## BAKERY SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PGDBST-04

Rheology and Chemistry of Dough

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Discuss how proteins and starch damage affect water absorption capacity and dynamic rheological properties of flour?
- Define the term 'Empirical testing'.
   Differentiate between empirical and fundamental testing. Discuss the importance of empirical and fundamental dough testing.

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- 3. Discuss the importance of wheat gluten viscoelasticity in gas retention and bread making. How is dough transformed from foam structure to sponge structure during bread baking?
- 4. What do you understand by oscillatory measurement? Enlist oscillatory parameters.

  Discuss importance of rheological parameters.
- 5. Describe the procedure of mixograph in dough testing. How proteins influence the mixing characteristics of Wheat flours?
- 6. Explain the role of the following in dough rheology:
  - (a) Water
  - (b) Redox agents
  - (c) Sugars
  - (d) Emulsifiers.
- Discuss the influence of amylases and proteases enzymes and mixing time on the rheological behaviour of the dough.

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- 8. Write short notes on the following:
  - (a) Dough rheology
  - (b) Viscometry
  - (c) Creep and recovery
  - (d) Stress relaxation.