January 2007

Subject Code—5847-X P.G.D.B.S.T. EXAMINATION

(Re-appear)

PGDBST-04

RHEOLOGY AND CHEMISTRY OF DOUGH

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any *Five* questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Define oscillatory measurement. Enlist oscillatory parameters. Discuss importance of rheological parameters.
 - 2. Discuss the procedure of Mixograph in dough testing. How gluten polypeptides influence the mixing characteristics of wheat flours?

(2-30)

- Discuss the effect of proteins and starch damage on water absorption capacity and dynamic rheological properties of flour.
- Explain the term 'Empirical Testing'. Differentiate between empirical and fundamental testing. Discuss the importance of empirical and fundamental dough testing.
- Discuss the importance of wheat gluten viscoelasticity in gas retention and bread making. How is dough transformed from foam structure to sponge structure during bread baking?
- Explain the role of the following in dough rheology:
 - (a) Water
 - (b) Redox agents
 - (c) Sugars
 - (d) Emulsifiers.

- Discuss the influence of amylases and proteases enzymes and mixing time on the rheological behaviour of the dough.
- Write short notes on the following terms:
 - (a) Dough rheology
 - Viscometry
 - Creep and recovery
 - Stress relaxation

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