

JUN 2006

Subject Code—4266

**M.C.A. (First Year) EXAMINATION**

(5 Years Integrated Course)

MCA-103

Mathematics—I

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

**Note :** Attempt any *Five* questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Find the value of  $x$  :

$$\sqrt{3x^2 - 7x - 30} = (x + 5) - \sqrt{2x^2 - 7x - 5}$$

- (b) Solve the following equations by Cramer's rule :

$$x + y + z = 9$$

$$2x + 5y + 7z = 52$$

$$2x + y - z = 0$$

P.T.O.

2. (a) If matrices  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  and

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix},$$

find product  $AB$  and  $BA$ . Is  $AB = BA$  ?

(b) Define transpose of a matrix and find inverse of the matrix :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. (a) Prove that :

$$2(\sin^6 x + \cos^6 x) - 3(\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x) + 1 = 0$$

(b) If  $5 \tan \theta = 4$ , find the value of

$$\frac{5 \sin \theta - 3 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta + 2 \cos \theta}.$$

(c) Find the value of  $\sin 15^\circ$  and  $\tan 15^\circ$ .

4. (a) If the points  $(x, -1)$ ,  $(2, 1)$  and  $(4, 5)$  are on a straight line, then find the value of  $x$ .

- (b) Find the locus of a point  $(x, y)$  which moves so that its distance from  $(4, 0)$  and  $y$ -axis are equal.
- (c) Find the equation of a straight line passing through  $(3, 4)$  and having sum of intercepts as 14.

5. (a) If :

$$y = (a \sin x + b \cos x)$$

find  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$ .

- (b) Find  $n$ th derivative of  $y = e^x \cdot \log x$ .
- (c) Evaluate :

$$\int \frac{(x-1)}{(x+1)(x^2+1)} dx.$$

6. Solve the following differential equations :

(a)  $ydx - xdy = xy dx$

(b)  $(x+y) dx + (x-y) dy = 0$

(c)  $\cos^2 x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \tan x$

7. (a) Find Mean and Median from the following data :

Marks	No. of Students
0-10	3
10-20	5
20-30	7
30-40	10
40-50	12
50-60	15
60-70	12
70-80	6
80-90	2
90-100	8

- (b) Compute standard deviation from the data :

Marks	No. of Students
0-10	3
10-20	16
20-30	26
30-40	31
40-50	16
50-60	8

8. (a) State and prove Baye's theorem for probability.
- (b) Find first two moments of Binomial distribution. Hence find mean and variance.
- (c) Calculate coefficient of correlation from the following data :

$x$	:	1	2	3	4	5
$y$	:	2	5	3	8	7